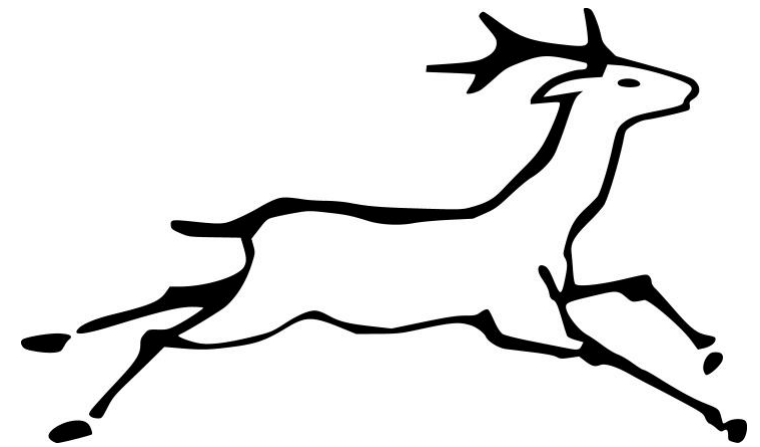




Online Safety Policy

Date reviewed: 15/01/2025 | Date of next review: 01/09/2025

Scope of the Policy

This policy applies to all members of Running Deer School and Running Deer Interventions Services community (including staff, students, volunteers, parents/carers, and visitors) who have access to and are users of school digital technology systems, both in and out of the school.

The Education and Inspections Act 2006 empowers Headteachers to such extent as is reasonable, to regulate the behaviour of students when they are off the school site and empowers members of staff to impose disciplinary penalties for inappropriate behaviour. This is pertinent to incidents of online-bullying or other online safety incidents covered by this policy, which may take place outside of the school, but is linked to membership of the school. The 2011 Education Act increased these powers with regard to the searching for and of electronic devices and the deletion of data. In the case of both acts, action can only be taken over issues covered by the published Behaviour Policy.

Running Deer will deal with such incidents within this policy and associated behaviour and anti-bullying policies, and will, where known, inform parents/carers of incidents of inappropriate online safety behaviour that take place out of school or the Intervention Service.

This policy should also be read in conjunction with the following:

- Health and Safety Policy
- Mobile Devices Policy
- Safeguarding Policy
- Anti-bullying Policy
- Behaviour Policy

Roles and Responsibilities

The following section outlines the online safety roles and responsibilities of individuals and groups within Running Deer School:

Board of Governors

Governors are responsible for the approval of the online safety policy and for reviewing the effectiveness of the policy. This will be carried out by the Directors receiving regular information about online safety incidents and monitoring reports. A member of the Governing Body has taken on the role of Online Safety Director in conjunction with being Safeguarding Governor. The role of the Online Safety Director will include:

- regular meetings with the Online Safety officer (the Designated Safeguarding Lead)
- regular monitoring of online safety incident logs
- regular monitoring of filtering/change control logs
- reporting to relevant Board meeting, Head of School and Senior Leaders

The Head of School has a duty of care for ensuring the safety (including online safety) of members of the school community, though the day-to-day responsibility for online safety will be delegated to the Online Safety officer (DSL).

The Head of School and (at least) another member of the Senior Leadership Team should be aware of the procedures to be followed in the event of a serious online safety allegation being made against a member of staff. (see flow chart on dealing with online safety incidents – included in a later section – “Responding to incidents of misuse” and relevant Local Authority disciplinary procedures

The Head of School and Senior Leaders are responsible for ensuring that the Online Safety officer and other relevant staff receive suitable training to enable them to carry out their online safety roles and to train other colleagues, as relevant.

The Senior Leadership Team will receive regular monitoring reports from the Online Safety officer (DSL).

Online Safety officer:

- takes day to day responsibility for online safety issues and has a leading role in establishing and reviewing the school online safety policies/documents
- ensures that all staff are aware of the procedures that need to be followed in the event of an online safety incident taking place.
- provides training and advice for staff
- liaises with the Local Authority
- liaises with school technical staff
- receives reports of online safety incidents and creates a log of incidents to inform future online safety developments
- meets regularly with Online Safety Director to discuss current issues, review incident logs and filtering/change control logs
- attends relevant meetings of Directors
- reports regularly to Senior Leadership Team

Network Manager/Technical staff:

Those with technical responsibilities are responsible for ensuring:

- that the school's/ technical infrastructure is secure and is not open to misuse or malicious attack
- that the school meets required online safety technical requirements and any Local Authority online safety policy/guidance that may apply.
- that users may only access the networks and devices through a properly enforced password protection policy
- The filtering policy is applied and updated on a regular basis
- that they keep up to date with online safety technical information in order to effectively carry out their online safety role and to inform and update others as relevant
- that the use of the networks/internet/digital technologies is regularly monitored in order that any misuse/attempted misuse can be reported to the Head of School and Senior Leaders for investigation/action/sanction

- that monitoring software/systems are implemented and updated as agreed in school policies

Teachers and Caseworkers are responsible for ensuring that:

- they have an up-to-date awareness of online safety matters and of the current school online safety policy and practices
- they have read, understood and signed the staff acceptable use policy/agreement
- they report any suspected misuse or problem to the Head of School / DSL for investigation/action/sanction
- all digital communications with students/pupils/parents/carers should be on a professional level and only carried out using official school systems, and on company own devices EG- mobile phones laptops etc. Any communications of importance must also be recorded on CPOMs and reported to Safeguarding leads as per the Safeguarding policy.
- online safety issues are embedded in all aspects of the curriculum and other activities
- students/pupils understand and follow the Online Safety Policy and acceptable use policies
- students/pupils have a good understanding of research skills and the need to avoid plagiarism and uphold copyright regulations
- they monitor the use of digital technologies, mobile devices, cameras, etc. in lessons and other school activities (where allowed) and implement current policies with regard to these devices
- in lessons where internet use is pre-planned students should be guided to sites checked as suitable for their use and that processes are in place for dealing with any unsuitable material that is found in internet searches

Designated Safeguarding Lead and Deputies

Should be trained in online safety issues and be aware of the potential for serious child protection/safeguarding issues to arise from:

- sharing of personal data
- access to illegal/inappropriate materials
- inappropriate on-line contact with adults/strangers
- potential or actual incidents of grooming
- online-bullying

(N.B. it is important to emphasise that these are safeguarding issues, not technical issues, simply that the technology provides additional means for safeguarding issues to develop.)

Students

- are responsible for using the school digital technology systems in accordance with the student acceptable use agreement
- have a good understanding of research skills and the need to avoid plagiarism and uphold copyright regulations
- need to understand the importance of reporting abuse, misuse or access to inappropriate materials and know how to do so
- will be expected to know and understand policies on the use of mobile devices and digital cameras. They should also know and understand policies on the taking/use of images and on online-bullying.
- should understand the importance of adopting good online safety practice when using digital technologies out of school and realise that the school's online safety policy covers their actions out of school, if related to their membership of the school

Parents/carers

Parents/carers play a crucial role in ensuring that their children understand the need to use the internet/mobile devices in an appropriate way. The school will take every opportunity to help parents understand these issues through parents' meetings, emails, website, social media and information about national/local online safety campaigns/literature.

Parents and carers will be encouraged to support the school in promoting good online safety practice and to follow guidelines on the appropriate use of:

- digital and video images taken at school events
- their children's personal devices in the school (where this is allowed)

Policy Statements

Education – Students

Whilst regulation and technical solutions are very important, their use must be balanced by educating students to take a responsible approach. The education of students in online safety/digital literacy is therefore an essential part of the school's online safety provision. Children and young people need the help and support of the school to recognise and avoid online safety risks and build their resilience.

In planning their online safety curriculum schools may wish to refer to:

- [DfE Teaching Online Safety in Schools](#)
- [Education for a Connected World Framework](#)
- [SWGfL Project Evolve – online safety curriculum programme and resources](#)

Online safety should be a focus in all areas of the curriculum and staff should reinforce online safety messages across the curriculum. The online safety curriculum should be broad, relevant and provide progression, with opportunities for creative activities and will be provided in the following ways:

- A planned online safety curriculum should be provided as part of PHSE/other lessons and should be regularly revisited
- Key online safety messages should be reinforced as part of a planned programme of assemblies and pastoral activities
- Students should be taught in all lessons to be critically aware of the materials/content they access on-line and be guided to validate the accuracy of information.
- Students should be taught to acknowledge the source of information used and to respect copyright when using material accessed on the internet
- Students should be supported in building resilience to radicalisation by providing a safe environment for debating controversial issues and helping them to understand how they can influence and participate in decision-making. N.B. additional duties for schools under the Counter Terrorism and Securities Act 2015 which requires schools to ensure that children are safe from terrorist and extremist material on the internet.
- Students should be helped to understand the need for the student acceptable use agreement and encouraged to adopt safe and responsible use both within and outside school.
- Staff should act as good role models in their use of digital technologies, the internet and mobile devices

In lessons where internet use is pre-planned, it is best practice that students/pupils should be guided to sites checked as suitable for their use and that processes are in place for dealing with any unsuitable material that is found in internet searches.

Where students/pupils are allowed to freely search the internet, staff should be vigilant in monitoring the content of the websites the young people visit.

It is accepted that from time to time, for good educational reasons, students may need to research topics (e.g. racism, drugs, discrimination) that would normally result in internet searches being blocked. In such a situation, staff can request that the Technical Staff (or other relevant designated person) can temporarily remove those sites from the filtered list for the period of study. Any request to do so, should be auditable, with clear reasons for the need.

Education – Parents/carers

Many parents and carers may have only a limited understanding of online safety risks and issues, yet they play an essential role in the education of their children and in the monitoring/regulation of the children's online behaviours. Parents may underestimate how often children and young people come across potentially harmful and inappropriate material on the internet and may be unsure about how to respond.

The school/academy will therefore seek to provide information and awareness to parents and carers through:

- Curriculum activities
- Emails and school website
- Parents/carers sessions
- High profile events/campaigns e.g. Safer Internet Day

Education & Training – Staff/Volunteers

It is essential that all staff receive online safety training and understand their responsibilities, as outlined in this policy. Training will be offered as follows:

- A planned programme of formal online safety training will be made available to staff. This will be regularly updated and reinforced. An audit of the online safety training needs of all staff will be carried out regularly.
- All new staff should receive online safety training as part of their induction programme, ensuring that they fully understand the school/academy online safety policy and acceptable use agreements.
- It is expected that some staff will identify online safety as a training need within the performance management process.

The Online Safety officer (or other nominated person) will receive regular updates through attendance at external training events (e.g. from SWGfL/LA/other relevant organisations) and by reviewing guidance documents released by relevant organisations.

This online safety policy and its updates will be presented to and discussed by staff in staff/team meetings/training sessions.

The Online Safety officer (or other nominated person) will provide advice/guidance/training to individuals as required.

Training –Directors

Directors should take part in online safety training/awareness sessions, with particular importance for those who are members of any group involved in technology/online safety/health and safety /safeguarding. This may be offered in a number of ways:

- Attendance at training provided by the Local Authority /National Governors Association/or other relevant organisation (e.g. SWGfL).
- Participation in school training/information sessions for staff

Technical – infrastructure/equipment, filtering and monitoring

The school will be responsible for ensuring that the school infrastructure/network is as safe and secure as is reasonably possible and that policies and procedures approved within this policy are implemented. It will also need to ensure that the relevant people named in the above sections will be effective in carrying out their online safety responsibilities:

- School technical systems will be managed in ways that ensure that the school meets recommended technical requirements (these are be outlined in Local Authority policy and guidance)

- There will be regular reviews and audits of the safety and security of school technical systems
- Servers, wireless systems and cabling must be securely located and physical access restricted
- All users will have clearly defined access rights to school technical systems and devices.
- All users (at KS2 and above) will be provided with a username and secure password by
- The Office Manager who will keep an up-to-date record of users and their usernames. Users are responsible for the security of their username and password.
- The “master/administrator” passwords for the school systems, used by the Network Manager (or other person) must also be available to the Head of School or other nominated senior leader and kept in a secure place
- The Office Manager is responsible for ensuring that software licence logs are accurate and up to date and that regular checks are made to reconcile the number of licences purchased against the number of software installations (Inadequate licencing could cause the school to breach the Copyright Act which could result in fines or unexpected licensing costs)
- Internet access is filtered for all users. Illegal content (child sexual abuse images) is filtered by the broadband or filtering provider by actively employing the Internet Watch Foundation CAIC list. Content lists are regularly updated and internet use is logged and regularly monitored. (the school/academy will need to decide on the merits of external/internal provision of the filtering service – see appendix). There is a clear process in place to deal with requests for filtering changes (see appendix for more details)
- Internet filtering/monitoring should ensure that children are safe from terrorist and extremist material when accessing the internet. N.B. additional duties for schools/academies under the Counter Terrorism and Securities Act 2015 which requires schools/academies to ensure that children are safe from terrorist and extremist material on the internet. (see appendix for information on “appropriate filtering”).
- The school/academy has provided enhanced/differentiated user-level filtering (allowing different filtering levels for different ages/stages and different groups of users – staff/pupils/students etc)
- School technical staff regularly monitor and record the activity of users on the school technical systems and users are made aware of this in the acceptable use agreement.
- Any security breaches will be reported immediately to the Head of School or Office Manager.
- Appropriate security measures are in place to protect the servers, firewalls, routers, wireless systems, work stations, mobile devices, etc. from accidental or malicious attempts which might threaten the security of the school systems and data. These are tested regularly. The school infrastructure and individual devices are protected by up-to-date virus software.
- An agreed policy is in place (to be described) that allows staff to/forbids staff from downloading executable files and installing programmes on school devices.

Mobile Technologies – (also see separate Mobile Devices Policy)

Mobile technology devices may be school owned/provided or personally owned and might include: smartphone, tablet, notebook/laptop or other technology that usually has the capability of utilising the school's wireless network. The device then has access to the wider internet which may include the school's learning platform and other cloud-based services such as email and data storage.

All users should understand that the primary purpose of the use mobile/personal devices in a school context is educational. The mobile technologies policy should be consistent with and inter-related to other relevant school policies including but not limited to the safeguarding policy, behaviour policy, bullying policy, acceptable use policy, and policies around theft or malicious damage. Teaching about the safe and appropriate use of mobile technologies should be an integral part of the school's online safety education programme.

In preparing a mobile technologies policy the school should consider possible issues and risks. These may include: security risks in allowing connections to your school network, filtering of personal devices, breakages and insurance, access to devices for all students, avoiding potential classroom distraction, network connection speeds, types of devices, charging facilities, total cost of ownership.

The school acceptable use agreements for staff, pupils/students and parents/carers will give consideration to the use of mobile technologies

The school allows:

	School Devices			Personal Devices		
	School owned for single user	School owned for multiple users	Authorised device*	Student owned	Staff owned	Visitor owned
Allowed in school	Yes	Yes	Yes	See Mobile Devices Policy – personal devices are only to be used in emergencies by staff		
Full network access	Yes	Yes	Yes			
Internet only	Yes	Yes	Yes			

*Authorised device – purchased by the pupil/family through a school-organised scheme. This device may be given full access to the network as if it were owned by the school.

Data Protection – see separate policy

Use of digital and video images

The development of digital imaging technologies has created significant benefits to learning, allowing staff and students instant use of images that they have recorded themselves or downloaded from the internet. However, staff, parents/carers and students need to be aware of the risks associated with publishing digital images on the internet. Such images may provide avenues for online-bullying to take place. Digital images may remain available on the internet forever and may cause harm or embarrassment to individuals in the short or longer term. It is common for employers to carry out internet searches for information about potential and existing employees. The school will inform and educate users about these risks and will implement policies to reduce the likelihood of the potential for harm:

- When using digital images, staff should inform and educate students about the risks associated with the taking, use, sharing, publication and distribution of images. In particular they should recognise the risks attached to publishing their own images on the internet e.g. on social networking sites.
- Written permission from parents or carers will be obtained before photographs of students are published on the school website/social media/local press
- In accordance with guidance from the Information Commissioner's Office, parents/carers are welcome to take videos and digital images of their children at school events for their own personal use (as such use is not covered by the Data Protection Act). To respect everyone's privacy and in some cases protection, these images should not be published/made publicly available on social networking sites, nor should parents/carers comment on any activities involving other students in the digital/video images.
- Staff and volunteers are allowed to take digital/video images to support educational aims, but must follow school policies concerning the sharing, distribution and publication of those images. Those images should only be taken on school equipment; the personal equipment of staff should not be used for such purposes.
- Care should be taken when taking digital/video images that students are appropriately dressed and are not participating in activities that might bring the individuals or the school into disrepute.
- Students must not take, use, share, publish or distribute images of others without their permission
- Photographs published on the website, or elsewhere that include students will be selected carefully and will comply with good practice guidance on the use of such images.
- Students' full names will not be used anywhere on a website or blog, particularly in association with photographs.
- Student's work can only be published with the permission of the student/pupil and parents or carers.

Communications

A wide range of rapidly developing communications technologies has the potential to enhance learning.

When using communication technologies, the school considers the following as good practice:

- The official school email service is regarded as safe and secure and is monitored. Users should be aware that email communications are monitored. Staff and students should therefore use only the school email service to communicate with others when in school, or on school systems (e.g. by remote access).
- Users must immediately report, to the Head of School or Pastoral Lead, in accordance with the school policy, the receipt of any communication that makes them feel uncomfortable, is offensive, discriminatory, threatening or bullying in nature and must not respond to any such communication.
- Any digital communication between staff and students or parents/carers (email, social media, chat, blogs, VLE etc) must be professional in tone and content. These communications may only take place on official (monitored) school systems. Personal email addresses, text messaging or social media must not be used for these communications.
- Students at KS2 and above will be provided with individual school email addresses for educational use.
- Students should be taught about online safety issues, such as the risks attached to the sharing of personal details. They should also be taught strategies to deal with inappropriate communications and be reminded of the need to communicate appropriately when using digital technologies.
- Personal information should not be posted on the school website and only official email addresses should be used to identify members of staff.

Social Media - Protecting Professional Identity

With an increase in use of all types of social media for professional and personal purposes a policy that sets out clear guidance for staff to manage risk and behaviour online is essential. Core messages should include the protection of pupils, the school and the individual when publishing any material online. Expectations for teachers' professional conduct are set out in 'Teachers Standards 2012'. Ofsted's online safety inspection framework reviews how a school/academy protects and educates staff and pupils in their use of technology, including the measures that would be expected to be in place to intervene and support should a particular issue arise. Schools are increasingly using social media as a powerful learning tool and means of communication. It is important that this is carried out in a safe and responsible way.

All schools, academies, MATs and local authorities have a duty of care to provide a safe learning environment for pupils and staff. Schools/academies, MATs and local authorities could be held responsible, indirectly for acts of their employees in the course of their employment. Staff members who harass, engage in online bullying, discriminate on the grounds of sex, race or disability or who defame a third party may render the school/academy or local authority/MAT liable to the injured party. Reasonable steps to prevent predictable harm must be in place.

The school provides the following measures to ensure reasonable steps are in place to minimise risk of harm to pupils, staff and the school through:

- Ensuring that personal information is not published
- Training is provided including: acceptable use; social media risks; checking of settings; data protection; reporting issues.
- Clear reporting guidance, including responsibilities, procedures and sanctions
- Risk assessment, including legal risk

School staff should ensure that:

- No reference should be made in social media to students, parents/carers or school staff
- They do not engage in online discussion on personal matters relating to members of the school community
- Personal opinions should not be attributed to the school or local authority
- Security settings on personal social media profiles are regularly checked to minimise risk of loss of personal information
- When official school social media accounts are established, there should be:
 - A process for approval by senior leaders
 - Clear processes for the administration and monitoring of these accounts – involving at least two members of staff
 - A code of behaviour for users of the accounts, including
 - Systems for reporting and dealing with abuse and misuse
 - Understanding of how incidents may be dealt with under school/academy disciplinary procedures

Personal Use:

Personal communications are those made via a personal social media account. In all cases, where a personal account is used which associates itself with the school or impacts on the school, it must be made clear that the member of staff is not communicating on behalf of the school with an appropriate disclaimer. Such personal communications are within the scope of this policy. Personal communications which do not refer to or impact upon the school are outside the scope of this policy.

Where excessive personal use of social media in school is suspected, and considered to be interfering with relevant duties, disciplinary action may be taken.

The school permits reasonable and appropriate access to private social media sites.

Monitoring of Public Social Media

As part of active social media engagement, it is considered good practice to pro-actively monitor the Internet for public postings about the school.

The school's use of social media for professional purposes will be checked regularly by the senior risk officer to ensure compliance with the school policies.

Dealing with unsuitable/inappropriate activities

Some internet activity e.g. accessing child abuse images or distributing racist material is illegal and would obviously be banned from school and all other technical systems. Other activities e.g. cyber-bullying would be banned and could lead to criminal prosecution. There are however a range of activities which may, generally, be legal but would be inappropriate in a school context, either because of the age of the users or the nature of those activities.

The school believes that the activities referred to in the following section would be inappropriate in a school context and that users, as defined below, should not engage in these activities in/or outside the school when using school equipment or systems.

The school policy restricts usage as follows:

User actions		Acceptable	Acceptable at certain times	Acceptable for nominated users	Unacceptable	Unacceptable and illegal
Users shall not visit Internet sites, make, post, download, upload, data transfer, communicate or pass on, material, remarks, proposals or comments that contain or relate to:	Child sexual abuse images –The making, production or distribution of indecent images of children. Contrary to The Protection of Children Act 1978					X
	Grooming, incitement, arrangement or facilitation of sexual acts against children Contrary to the Sexual Offences Act 2003.					X
	Possession of an extreme pornographic image (grossly offensive, disgusting or otherwise of an obscene character) Contrary to the Criminal Justice and Immigration Act 2008					X
	Criminally racist material in UK – to stir up religious hatred (or hatred on the grounds of sexual orientation) - contrary to the Public Order Act 1986					X

	Pornography				X	
	Promotion of any kind of discrimination				X	
	threatening behaviour, including promotion of physical violence or mental harm					X
	Promotion of extremism or terrorism					X
	Any other information which may be offensive to colleagues or breaches the integrity of the ethos of the school or brings the school into disrepute				X	
Activities that might be classed as cyber-crime under the Computer Misuse Act: • Gaining unauthorised access to school networks, data and files, through the use of computers/devices • Creating or propagating computer viruses or other harmful files • Revealing or publicising confidential or proprietary information (e.g. financial / personal information, databases, computer / network access codes and passwords) • Disable/Impair/Disrupt network functionality through the use of computers/devices						X

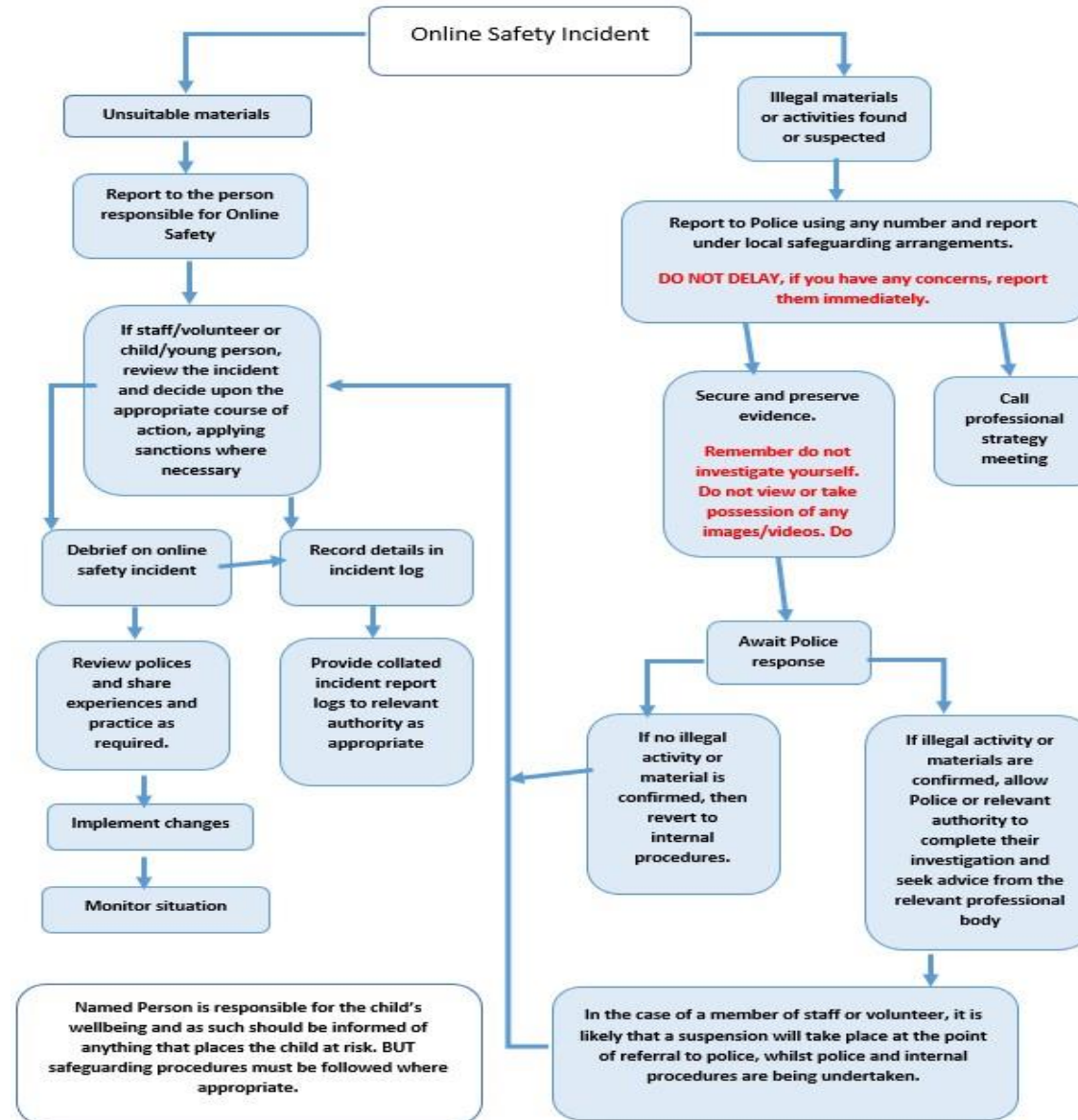
Using systems, applications, websites or other mechanisms that bypass the filtering or other safeguards employed by the school				X	
Revealing or publicising confidential information which might be a criminal offence under the UK Data Protection Acts 1998 (as amended) and the General Data Protection Regulations 20018					X
Revealing or publicising proprietary information				X	
Unfair usage (downloading/uploading large files that hinders others in their use of the internet)				X	
Using school systems to run a private business				X	
Infringing copyright				X	
On-line gaming (educational)		X			
On-line gaming (non-educational)				X	
On-line gambling				X	
On-line shopping/commerce				X	
File sharing			X		
Use of social media			X		
Use of messaging apps			X		
Use of video broadcasting e.g. YouTube			X		

Responding to incidents of misuse

This guidance is intended for use when staff need to manage incidents that involve the use of online services. It encourages a safe and secure approach to the management of the incident. Incidents might involve illegal or inappropriate activities (see “User Actions” above).

Illegal Incidents

If there is any suspicion that the web site(s) concerned may contain child abuse images, or if there is any other suspected illegal activity, refer to the right-hand side of the Flowchart for responding to online safety incidents and report immediately to the police.



Other Incidents

It is hoped that all members of the school community will be responsible users of digital technologies, who understand and follow school/academy policy. However, there may be times when infringements of the policy could take place, through careless or irresponsible or, very rarely, through deliberate misuse.

In the event of suspicion, all steps in this procedure should be followed:

- Have more than one senior member of staff involved in this process. This is vital to protect individuals if accusations are subsequently reported.
- Conduct the procedure using a designated computer that will not be used by young people and if necessary, can be taken off site by the police should the need arise. Use the same computer for the duration of the procedure.
- It is important to ensure that the relevant staff should have appropriate internet access to conduct the procedure, but also that the sites and content visited are closely monitored and recorded (to provide further protection).
- Record the URL of any site containing the alleged misuse and describe the nature of the content causing concern. It may also be necessary to record and store screenshots of the content on the machine being used for investigation. These may be printed, signed and attached to the form (except in the case of images of child sexual abuse – see below)

Once this has been completed and fully investigated the group will need to judge whether this concern has substance or not. If it does, then appropriate action will be required and could include the following:

- Internal response or discipline procedures or Involvement by Local Authority or national/local organisation (as relevant).
- Police involvement and/or action

If content being reviewed includes images of child abuse, then the monitoring should be halted and referred to the Police immediately. Other instances to report to the police would include:

- incidents of 'grooming' behaviour or the sending of obscene materials to a child or adult material which potentially breaches the Obscene Publications Act or criminally racist material or promotion of terrorism or extremism
- offences under the Computer Misuse Act (see User Actions chart above) or other criminal conduct, activity or materials

- Isolate the computer in question as best you can. Any change to its state may hinder a later police investigation.

It is important that all of the above steps are taken as they will provide an evidence trail for the school and possibly the police and demonstrate that visits to these sites were carried out for safeguarding purposes. The completed form should be retained by the group for evidence and reference purposes.

School actions & sanctions

It is more likely that the school will need to deal with incidents that involve inappropriate rather than illegal misuse. It is important that any incidents are dealt with as soon as possible in a proportionate manner, and that members of the school community are aware that incidents have been dealt with. It is intended that incidents of misuse will be dealt with through normal behaviour/disciplinary procedures as follows:

Actions/Sanctions

Student incident	Refer to Pastoral Lead	Refer to Head of Service	Refer to police	Report to technical support staff for action	Infor/care rs parents	Removal of access rights	Warning	Further sanction
Deliberately accessing or trying to access material that could be considered illegal	X	X	X		X	X		X

Unauthorised use of non-educational sites during lessons	X				X		X	
Unauthorised/inappropriate use of mobile phone/digital camera/other mobile device	X				X		X	
Unauthorised/inappropriate use of social media/ messaging apps/personal email	X				X		X	
Unauthorised downloading or uploading of files	X				X		X	
Allowing others to access school network by sharing username and passwords	X	X		X	X	X		X
Attempting to access or accessing the school network, using another student's account	X	X			X	X		X
Attempting to access or accessing the school network, using the account of a member of staff	X	X			X	X		X
Corrupting or destroying the data of other users	X	X		X	X	X		X

Sending an email, text or message that is regarded as offensive, harassment or of a bullying nature	X				X		X	
Continued infringements of the above, following previous warnings or sanctions		X			X	X		X
Actions which could bring the Intervention Service into disrepute or breach the integrity of the ethos of the school	X	X			X			X
Using proxy sites or other means to subvert the school's filtering system	X	X			X	X		X
Accidentally accessing offensive or pornographic material and failing to report the incident	X	X		X	X		X	
Deliberately accessing or trying to access offensive or pornographic material	X	X			X	X		X
Receipt or transmission of material that infringes the copyright of another person or infringes the Data Protection Act	X	X			X	X		X

Staff incident	Refer to line manager	Refer to Head of Service	Refer to Operations Director or Data Controller	Refer to Police	Report to technical support staff for action	Warning	Suspension	Disciplinary action
Deliberately accessing or trying to access material that could be considered illegal	X	X	X	X			X	X
Inappropriate personal use of the internet/social media/personal email in work time	X	X	X	Further action may be taken based on the nature of the incident.				
Unauthorised uploading of files	X	X	X			X	X	X
Unauthorised downloading of files	X	X	X	X			X	X

Allowing others to access school network by sharing username and passwords or attempting to access or accessing the school network, using another person's account	X	X	X				X	X
Wilfully reckless use of personal data e.g. holding or transferring data in an insecure manner	X	X	X				X	X
Deliberate actions to breach data protection or network security rules	X	X	X	X			X	X
Corrupting or destroying the data of other users or causing deliberate damage to hardware or software	X	X	X	X	X		X	X
Sending an email, text or message that is regarded as offensive,	X	X	Managed in line with code of conduct and Equality and diversity policy.					

harassment or of a bullying nature								
Using personal email/social networking/instant messaging/text messaging to carrying out digital communications with students/pupils	X	X	Managed in line with Safeguarding Policy.					
Actions which could compromise the staff member's professional standing	X	X	Managed in line with Staff code of conduct.					
Actions which could bring the Intervention Service into disrepute or breach the integrity of the ethos of the Intervention Service	X	X	Managed in line with staff Code of Conduct.					
Using proxy sites or other means to subvert the school's/academy's filtering system	X	X	X	X	X		X	X

Accidentally accessing offensive or pornographic material and failing to report the incident	X	X	X		X	X	X	
Deliberately accessing or trying to access offensive or pornographic material	X	X	X	X			X	X
Breaching copyright or licensing regulations	X	X	X			X	X	X
Continued infringements of the above, following previous warnings or sanctions	X	X	X		X	X	X	X

Contact Running Deer

Running Deer C.I.C, 3 Court Street, Moretonhampstead, Devon, TQ13 8NE

Telephone: 01647 440005

Email: info@runningdeer.org.uk

Website: <https://www.runningdeerschool.org.uk>